

Advice to Providers for more complex funding arrangements

Stretched hours, splitting funding between two settings, and calculating change of hours

Stretching funding:

Stretching for a child who claimed funding from the beginning of the academic year (September 2022 – autumn period)

To calculate the maximum number of hours a child accessing stretched funding can claim per week, divide 570 hours (child’s yearly allowance) by the number of weeks the funding is stretched.

For example: a provider offering funded sessions for 50 weeks per year, will divide 570 hours by 50 weeks = a total of 11.40 stretched funded hours per week.

See table below for further examples:

Number of stretched funded weeks	Maximum number of universal funded hours per week
52 weeks	10.96
51 weeks	11.17
50 weeks	11.40
49 weeks	11.63
48 weeks	11.87
47 weeks	12.12

For children claiming the full extended (30 hour) entitlement you would enter the same number of hours in both the universal and the extended hours per week.

See table below for examples:

Number of stretched funded weeks	Maximum number of universal funded hours per week	Maximum number of extended funded hours per week
52 weeks	10.96	10.96
51 weeks	11.17	11.17
50 weeks	11.40	11.40
49 weeks	11.63	11.63
48 weeks	11.87	11.87
47 weeks	12.12	12.12

Please note you should only input up to 2 decimal places. If you input 3, the rounding may be affected.

Please note, to stretch funding, you need to ensure you tick the “stretched” box.

Children who become eligible part way through the year

Children who become eligible part way through the year will be entitled to funding based on the number of weeks and hours remaining in the academic year.

A child starting in the summer term, will only be entitled to the summer funded hours 165/330 divided by the number of weeks the setting is open in that funding period (11 weeks termtime or up to 21 weeks stretched). Please note the weeks can change each academic year. Please refer to the FEEE calendar.

For example, 165 universal hours divided by 21 weeks = up to 7.85 universal hours per week can be claimed

Stretching funding for a child taking less than the maximum entitlement

Example: child claiming 14 hours per week over 51 weeks = 714 hours over the academic year

How do I calculate what hours go into universal/extended?

Universal:

570 of the hours are universal and therefore must be placed in the universal box.

(570 hours /51 weeks = 11.17 hours per week in universal box)

(EYPP is only paid on universal hours, so therefore we recommend filling up the universal hours first).

Extended:

The remaining 144 hours (714 - 570 = 144) will need to be placed into the extended box.

(144 hours /51 weeks = 2.82 hours per week in extended box)

How to calculate hours for a child who changes their hours mid period:

You will need to total up all the hours you would like to claim for the child over the period.

For example:

If the child is doing 18 hours per week during term time but from week 4 they request to change their hours to 20 per week:

18 hours X 3 weeks = 54 hours

20 hours X 8 weeks = 160 hours

Total = 214 hours

We then divide this total by the number of weeks attending in the period (11 weeks):

214/11 = 19.45 hours per week.

As the child is only attending one provider in this scenario, you would fill up the universal hours box first. So, 15 hours would be placed in the universal box and the other 4.45 hours would be placed in the extended box (EYPP is only paid on universal hours, so therefore we recommend filling up the universal hours first).

Child claiming funding across 2 settings:

If a child, you claim funding for attends another setting who is also claiming funding you will need to refer to the PSOU to see how the parent/carer wishes the hours to be split into universal and extended between providers.

Scenario one:

Child has a valid 30-hour code and is claiming 15 hours per week term time at provider 1 and 10 hours per week term time at provider 2:

PSOU states the parent/carer wishes provider 1 to claim all the universal hours

Provider 1 – will input 15 hours per week in universal, 0 hours per week in extended.

Provider 2 – Will input 0 hours in the universal and 10 hours in the extended.

Scenario two:

Child has a valid 30-hour code and is claiming 15 hours per week at your setting and 15 hours per week at another setting

PSOU states the parent wishes to split the universal hours and extended hours so that both settings receive 7.5 hours of each.

You will enter 7.5 hours per week in the universal and 7.5 hours per week in the extended and the other setting will do the same.

Scenario three:

Child has a valid 30-hour code and is claiming 10 hours per week stretched over 51 weeks at provider 1 and 15 hours per week term time at provider 2.

PSOU states that the parent/carer wishes provider 2 to claim all the universal hours

Provider 1- Would input 10 extended hours per week, stretched

Provider 2- Would input 15 universal hours per week, term time